

National Republican

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RATES OF ADVERTISING.
One square, three days.....\$1.00
One square, four days.....1.25
One square, five days.....1.50
One square, six days.....1.75
One square, two weeks.....2.75
One square, three weeks.....3.50
One square, one month.....4.50
One square, three months.....10.00
One square, six months.....18.00
One square, one year.....30.00
Every other day advertisements, fifty per cent.
additional; once a week advertisements charged
as new for each insertion.
Inserted only once, ten cents a line.
Advertisements inserted inside, 33 1/3 per cent.
advance.
Ten lines or less constitute a square.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN.

PATRIOTISM.
The following lines from Byron's *Marino Faliero* are suggestive at the present time:
"They never fall who die
In a great cause; the blood may soak their gore;
Their heads may sicken in the sun; their limbs
Be strung to city gates and castle walls—
But still their spirits walk abroad. Though years
Elapse, and others share as dark a doom,
They but augment the deep and sweeping thoughts
Which overpower all others, and conduct
The world at last to freedom."

ARMY SHOES.—The army authorities call for proposals for furnishing 800,000 pairs of shoes. It is understood that they will consider no proposals except for sewed shoes, made of oak-tanned leather, such being the class of shoes heretofore supplied and approved by the proper authority. While the number of shoes required by the Government was only enough to meet the wants of our small regular army, proposals of this sort received little attention; but the magnitude of the present call has drawn to it the notice of the larger class of manufacturers, and the question as to the sort of shoes to be furnished has received a full discussion.

We are satisfied by the results of some pretty close inquiries in well informed ad disinterested quarters, that it is at least doubtful whether the Government will not make a serious mistake by adhering to its old pattern of sewed shoes. It can probably obtain for \$1.25 per pair a pegged shoe, as durable and every way as serviceable as the sewed shoes for which it pays \$2 or \$2.25. At this time a saving of \$600,000 or more in the supply of a single article is a matter of economy not to be passed over. In fact, we find good judges of both sorts of work, who declare unhesitatingly that the pegged shoes at the price named will be a better article and will last longer than the sewed shoe. The large manufacturers in New England now use steam power in pegging these heavy shoes, and the work thus done is said not to be surpassed for durability, while the same degree of strength in a sewed shoe is not to be had without a double sole, raising the price far above the level to which bids are generally confined. It is also urged that the preference for oak-tanned leather raises the price of the goods called for, with no effect except to exclude good sound hickory, by the introduction of poorer leather, dressed so as to closely imitate the oak-tanned.

We apprehend that the Department in this matter has something to learn from the general habits of our people. The use of pegged boots and shoes is almost universal in this country. Not one in ten of our soldiers, it is probable, ever bought any others for his own use; and among those classes of men, such as farmers, miners, lumbermen, railroad builders and others, whose need of durable and economical shoes for hard service is the greatest and the best guide to the wants of our troops, the use of pegged shoes or boots is universal. The English army, we believe, adhere to sewed shoes, and so do the English people, as might be inferred from their characteristic reluctance to change long standing habits. If proper inquiry is made, however, in this country, it will be found that there is no point in which within the prices named the pegged shoe is not quite as well adapted for military wear as the sewed. The shoes called for by the Government are all to be delivered within four months. If sewed shoes alone are called for, the number of workmen is so limited that it is almost certain that the short time allowed will compel the acceptance of inferior work, at the same time materially raising the range of prices. If pegged shoes are called for, the competition will be open to all the leading manufacturers in these States, and this will not only enable the Government to call for superior work, but will tend to call forth a lower average of bids. We trust that the matter will be carefully and fairly inquired into, and that this economy of three quarters of a million will not be lightly thrown away.—*Boston Advertiser.*

JAMAICA PRODUCING COTTON.—The British Cotton Company have commenced operation, with the very brightest prospects of success. The cotton shrubs planted in November last are now yielding their first crop, and the agent of the Company reports highly favorably on a point on which there were many grave doubts, namely, the command of labor. He has not only had willing and continuous labor, but had it cheap also; therefore, Jamaica may now be said to have embarked fairly in the enterprise of supplying the British market with the raw material, of which she will surely be deprived by the civil war in the United States.

CATHEDRAL OF MEXICO.—The gorgeous Cathedral in the city of Mexico is the largest religious structure on the American continent. It is 600 feet long, 420 feet wide, and capable of holding 30,000 persons. The high altar, raised from the floor on an elevated platform, exhibits a profusion of candlesticks, crosses, and other ornaments of solid gold or silver, and is crowned by an image of the Virgin, decked in jewels, estimated at the value of more than \$2,000,000; and all other parts of the church are a perfect wilderness of columns, statues, shrines, fonts, &c.

CRIMINAL ERROR.—A citizen of Buffalo went to a drug store recently to buy some Turkish rhubarb for his child, but the attendant, in mistake, gave him a package of arsenic. The error was discovered, but the purchaser said he would keep it for rats, and another package, containing rhubarb, was given to him. Placing both in his pocket, he returned home, and accidentally gave the child a dose of the arsenic, which caused her death in a few hours. Two other parties, to whom the supposed rhubarb was given were made sick, but recovered.

The "army cut" of the hair is becoming quite popular with the school boys, and so is the habit of drumming on the desks, and the humming of our popular national airs. Little Sammy tells his teacher that his term of "enlistment expires" on the 29th of July, when he shall go on a furlough of six weeks.—*Banker Hill Aurora.*

Mrs. Stirling, the well known actress, has been robbed of almost every article of her personal jewelry, the value of which was large. Messrs. Tom Taylor, Charles Manly, and Mark Lemon, have formed themselves into a committee for the purpose of raising a fund to replace this loss.

THE OLD CHICAGO ZOUAVES.

From the Chicago Tribune, July 18.

No nobler proof of the service rendered his country, even before the war broke out, by the lamented Ellsworth, could be desired than the record of the corps to whom his indefatigable training gave a national fame, than the abundant proof that it was a rare school of officers, now in active service. The Old Zouaves have no existence as an organization, but the following compilation shows that they are scattered in more distinguished and honorable positions among our military at large.

We give below the names of those members of Ellsworth's company who have received commissions in the army of the Union since the opening of the war. No company of its age can show a better roll:

E. Elmer Ellsworth, colonel, Fire Zouaves.
McChesney, colonel, Brooklyn Zouaves.
J. B. Taylor, colonel, eleventh Massachusetts regiment.
Joseph R. Scott, lieutenant colonel, nineteenth Illinois.
E. Frank Yates, lieutenant colonel, eleventh Massachusetts.
D. W. Ladin, lieutenant colonel, rifle regiment, New York.
Charles de Villiers, colonel elect, Ohio regiment.
Chamney Miller, adjutant, nineteenth Illinois.

Robert W. Wetherell, quartermaster, nineteenth Illinois.
R. E. Harvey, assistant quartermaster, nineteenth Illinois.
J. R. Hayden, captain in the nineteenth Illinois.

J. V. Guthrie, captain in the nineteenth Illinois.
J. H. Clybourne, captain in the nineteenth Illinois.

B. Frank Rogers, captain in a Massachusetts regiment.
C. Fullwood, captain in Pittsburgh Zouaves.
Robert Innes, first lieutenant, nineteenth Illinois.

Clifton Wharton, first lieutenant, nineteenth Illinois.
P. N. Guthrie, first lieutenant, nineteenth Illinois.

Freeman Conner, first lieutenant, New York Fire Zouaves.
S. W. Stryker, first lieutenant, New York Fire Zouaves.

James Dowell, first lieutenant, New York Fire Zouaves.
L. S. Larrabee, first lieutenant, New York Fire Zouaves.

E. Costa, first lieutenant, New York Fire Zouaves.
George Fergus, first lieutenant, New York Fire Zouaves.

E. B. Knox, first lieutenant, New York Fire Zouaves.
G. H. Bussee, first lieutenant, Hecker regiment.

Louis James, first lieutenant, United States army.
John Long, second lieutenant, nineteenth Illinois.

G. H. Shepley, second lieutenant, nineteenth Illinois.
Robert Ross, second lieutenant, fifth Wisconsin.

One of the original Zouaves, C. Sutterly, holds a second lieutenant's commission in the New Orleans Zouaves, the only rebel from the company.

The Zouaves, however, live again, and notably in companies A and B of the nineteenth regiment, that left last evening for the seat of war in Missouri, for the old organization, depleted as above, was immediately filled up in two companies, who, it will be remembered, were among the first to respond to the State call, and saw service, (fortunately bloodless, but severe,) at Big Muddy and Cairo.

"The arrangement of nature is admirable," exclaimed a pretty belle during the late high wind. "The same wind which disarranges our crinoline, blows dust in the eyes of those wicked young men who would take advantage of our confusion." Philosophical young lady that!

A chap who was told that the best cure for palpitation of the heart was to quit hugging and kissing the girls, said:
"If that is the only remedy that can be proposed, I, for one, say, let 'er palpitate."

A correspondent of the *Atlanta Southern Confederacy*, writing from Fairfax Court-House, Va., July 1st, says: "The truth is, the Virginians are rather slow coaches, except when they are in pursuit of an officer."

Sherard Clemens, late member of Congress from Virginia, who has not been heard from for some time, attended a review of Ohio regiments at Wheeling, Virginia, a few days since, and made a patriotic speech to the soldiers.

A battery has been invented in Detroit, which, with the aid of six men, will discharge three hundred and twenty balls per minute. The battery is protected by sheet-iron screens, and will weigh only twelve hundred pounds.

The strike of the Boston ship carpenters has been settled, and the men have consented to work for two dollars per day, and upwards, according to the abilities of the workmen.

Among the passengers who arrived by the *Asia* from Liverpool, are Lord Adolphus Vane Tempest, and Marquis and Marchioness de Montalmon.

The honorary degree of Doctor of Law, has been conferred upon Edward Bates, Attorney-General of the United States, by Dickinson College, Pennsylvania.

WHAT NEXT?—A New Orleans merchant last week sent on the money to cancel a debt contracted with a firm in New York. No reason can be assigned for the rash act.

ARMS DE LEOA.—If you have been in doubt as to the supply of arms in the Southern army, there can be no doubt (judging from recent exploits) as to their supply of legs.

WHAT ARE THE "FORTUNES" OF WAR?—Ask the gentlemen who furnish our soldiers with bad beef at high prices.

It is estimated that the maple sugar crop for the current year will exceed 25,000 tons, valued at \$3,617,000.

The Boston *Atlas* has been discontinued, owing to the general prostration of business.

The Marine Bank, at Chicago, has closed and made assignment.

VERY COMPROMISING.—The worst kind of a traitor at present—an arbitrator.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
Corner of Howard and Mercer Streets,
New York, July 9, 1861.

SEALED PROPOSALS are invited and will be received at this office until the 1st of August next, for making by contract the following Army Clothing, to be made of materials furnished by the Government, the articles to be delivered at the United States Depot of Army Clothing and Equipage in this city. That is to say:

200,000 infantry forage caps.
200,000 infantry uniform coats.
400,000 blue flannel sack coats.
600,000 trousers.
800,000 flannel shirts.
800,000 drawers.
200,000 greatcoats.

The above articles must be as well made in every respect as the sealed patterns in this office, where they may be examined. All articles made under contracts herein invited, will be received under rigid inspection, made by sworn inspectors appointed by authority of the United States.

Proposals will be preferred for each kind of garment separately, and for moderate, though not small quantities of each. Bidders will state the quantities they will contract for, and the shortest periods within which deliveries will be made.

Each bidder in his proposals will distinctly state his place of business, and the names, address, and responsibility of two persons proposed as sureties for the material delivered, and the quality of the work required; and he will also state the shortest periods within which delivery will be made.

Bids for clothing will be accepted only from tailors in extensive business, or dealers in clothing accustomed to employ many operatives in their line.

It is to be distinctly understood that contracts are not transferable without the consent of the proper authority, and that any sale, assignment, or transfer, without such consent, (except under a process of law,) will be regarded as an abandonment for which the contractor and his sureties will be held responsible.

Delivery of clothing is to commence ten days after the material shall have been issued, and the whole contracted for is to be promptly delivered according to the terms of each contract.

Payment will be made on the delivery of one half of the amount of any article contracted for, provided appropriations for that purpose be made by Congress; but one-tenth of the amount due for each delivery shall be retained till the contract is completed; and the sum retained shall be forfeited to the United States in case of default or non-fulfillment by the contractor.

Forms of proposals and guarantee will be furnished on application to this office; and no proposal will be considered that does not conform thereto.

Proposals will be endorsed, "Proposals for Manufacturing Army Supplies," and will be addressed to

Major D. H. VINTON,
Quartermaster U. S. Army, N. Y.
Box 3,293 Post Office.

PENSION OFFICE, JUNE 6, 1861.

To all whom it may concern.

APPLICATION having been made under the act of 23d June, 1860, for the release of the land warrants described herein, which are alleged to have been lost or destroyed, notice is hereby given that, at the date following the description of each warrant, a new certificate of like tenor will be issued, if no valid objection should then appear.

No. 27,674, for 80 acres, issued under the act of 3d March, 1855, in the name of William Taylor, and granted on the 15th day of March, 1856—August 1, 1861.

No. 30,685, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Susanna Hubbard, widow of John Hubbard, deceased, and granted on the 16th day of June, 1856—August 31, 1861.

No. 31,166, for 160 acres, issued under the act of 1847, to Augustus Ingram, private of Captain Murray's company, second regiment of Tennessee Infantry—September 6, 1861.

No. 40,745, for 120 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Jacob Gulick, and granted on the 24th day of January, 1856—September 21, 1861.

No. 56,602, for 80 acres, issued under the act of September, 1850, in the name of Elizabeth Wells, widow of Daniel Wells, and granted on the 27th day of September, 1854—September 28, 1861.

No. 45,390, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Alexander Orme, and granted on the 13th day of October, 1856—September 28, 1861.

No. 71,026, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March, 1855, in the name of Amos Arthur, and granted on the 17th day of August, 1857—October 12, 1861.

No. 69,520, for 60 acres, under act of 1847, and bearing date May 8th, 1850, in favor of Michael Ropp, father of Samuel Ropp, deceased, third Indiana volunteers, Mexican War.—October 13, 1861.

JOSPH H. BARRETT,
Commissioner.

UNITED STATES MILITARY ROUTE.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.
On and after Thursday, May 18, 1861, passenger trains between Washington and Baltimore will run as follows:

Leave Washington at 4.15 and 7.10 A. M., and leave Baltimore at 5.30 and 8.30 A. M., and 4.05 and 7.30 P. M.

Leave Baltimore at 4.30 and 8.20 A. M., and 3.45 and 6 P. M., arriving at Washington at 6.10 and 10.10 A. M., and 5.25 and 8.45 P. M.

Passenger Trains leaving Washington at 7.10 A. M. and 5.45 P. M., and Baltimore at 8.20 A. M. and 5 P. M., make direct connections for Annapolis at the Junction.

Trains leave Annapolis for Baltimore and Washington at 6.30 A. M. and 4.15 P. M.

Passenger Trains leaving Washington at 4.15 and 7.10 A. M., and 2.30 P. M., make direct connections for Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and all other points North.

All articles of freight (not contraband of war) will be transported over the line. Tonnage trains will leave Baltimore at 4.20 A. M. Leave Washington at 7 P. M.

By order of the Secretary of War:
THOS. A. SCOTT,
General Manager.

U. S. MILITARY ROUTE—SPECIAL NOTICE.
On SUNDAY the trains will leave the Depot at 7.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M. for Philadelphia and New York. Trains will arrive at 6.10 A. M. and 5.45 P. M.

THOMAS A. SCOTT,
General Manager.

SMITH'S No. 460 Seventh street, is the best place in town to buy Clothes, Furnishing Goods, Hats, and Caps. feb 28—6m

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
Corner of Howard and Mercer Streets,
New York, July 8, 1861.

SEALED PROPOSAL are invited and will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, M., on MONDAY, the 29th day of July instant, when they will be publicly opened for furnishing by contract the following tents for the use of the army, deliverable at such place or places in the city of New York as may hereafter be designated, in quantities as required.

Proposals should state the price of tents complete, delivered at any of the depots of the Quartermaster's Department, exclusive of tent poles and tent pins, which will be the subject of separate contracts.

Large supplies will be needed, and the purchases will be made from the lowest responsible bidders, at the time it becomes necessary to give the order.

The prices per tent should be stated, naming the places at which the bidders offer to deliver. The following specifications will be strictly adhered to:

HOSPITAL TENT.
14 feet long, 15 feet wide, 11 feet high, with a wall 4 1/2 feet, and having on one end a lapel, so as to admit of two or more tents being joined and thrown into one, with a continuous covering or roof.

HOSPITAL TENT FLY.
22 feet 10 inches long, 14 feet wide.

WALL TENT.
9 feet long, 9 feet wide, 9 feet high, 4 feet wall.

WALL TENT FLY.
16 feet long, 9 feet wide.

SIBBLE TENT.
12 feet diameter, 13 feet high.

SERVANTS' TENT.
6 feet 10 inches long, 7 feet wide, 7 feet 1 inch high.

The tents and "flies" are to be made of cotton duck, of the following weight and dimensions, viz:

For Hospital Tent—
30 inches wide and 22 1/2 ounces per yard.

For Hospital Tent Fly—
30 inches wide and 16 1/2 ounces per yard.

For Wall and Sibble Tent—
28 1/2 inches wide and 16 ounces per yard.

For Servants' Tent and Wall Tent Fly—
28 1/2 inches wide and 16 ounces per yard.

All the above-mentioned articles must conform in every respect to the sealed standard patterns in this office, where they may be examined and additional information received concerning them.

As it is desirable that the articles be of domestic fabrication, bids from manufacturers and regular dealers will be preferred, which must be made for and conform to such articles only, in quality and description, as are required by the advertisement and the samples in this office, but contracts will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder who shall furnish satisfactory securities for the faithful performance thereof.

The manufacturer's establishment or dealer's place of business must be distinctly stated in the proposal, together with the names, address, and responsibility of two persons proposed as sureties. The sureties will guarantee that a contract shall be entered into within ten days after the acceptance of said bid or proposal.

Proposals will be received for any one of the articles, separately, and for any portion of each, not less than one fourth of the number or quantity advertised for.

The privileges reserved by and for the United States of rejecting any proposals that may be deemed extravagant.

All articles will be subject to inspection by sworn inspectors, appointed by authority of the United States.

It is to be distinctly understood that contracts are not transferable without the consent of the proper authority, and that any sale, assignment, or transfer, without such consent having been obtained, except under a process of law, will be regarded as an abandonment of the contract; and the contractor and his, or their, securities will be held responsible for all loss or damage to the United States which may arise therefrom.

Payments will be made on each delivery, should Congress have made an appropriation to meet them, or as soon thereafter as an appropriation of the amount of each delivery will be retained until the contract shall be completed, which will be forfeited to the United States in case of default on the part of the contractor in fulfilling the contract.

Forms of proposals and guarantee will be furnished upon application to this office, and none will be considered that do not conform thereto.

Proposals will be endorsed, "Proposals for Manufacturing Army Tents," and be addressed, Major D. H. VINTON, Quartermaster, U. S. Army, Box 3,298 Post Office.

By order of the Secretary of War:
THOS. A. SCOTT,
General Manager.

PURE COUNTRY MILK.

THE subscriber delivers Pure Country Milk, morning and evening, as usual, to his customers. Strangers commencing housekeeping in this city, who desire Milk, can have their orders promptly attended to by applying at this office.

DAVID MILLER.

A PRINCIPAL LOCATION FOR SALE FOR CASH.

GREEN COTTAGE, in Alexandria county, can be bought low. It consists of 100 acres well fenced; good buildings—large house, two large barns—fruit of all kinds, and in a high state of cultivation. Inquire on the premises, or at 393 Sixth street, between G and H.

J. B. BROWN.

CREAM ALE! CREAM ALE!

THE subscriber has the pleasure of informing the public that he has become sole agent for the sale of **MARY'S JUVENILE CREAMED ALE**, appreciated by all who have tried it, as a nutritive, delicious, wholesome beverage. He has also been appointed sole agent for the sale of **Bergler's Philadelphia Sparkling Stock Ale**. The above beverages need no commendation from the subscriber, but he would cordially invite all who have never tested their merits to give him a call at his depot, No. 464 Seventh street, opposite the General Post Office, and satisfy themselves not only of the excellencies of these ales, but of the promptitude of the agent in executing their orders.

MOSES SAMSTAG,
464 Seventh st., opp. the Post Office.
June 29—1m

LOST.

ON the 9th instant, a small SPANIEL DOG, had on a rough leather collar, with owner's name written in ink. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the corner of Virginia avenue and Tenth street, Island, immediately in the rear of the Smithsonian Institution. July 15

LOT FOR SALE.—Lot 150, in Square 1052, containing about 13,000 square feet. Price, three cents per foot. Apply at this office.

GALT'S STEAM FIRE WOOD MILLS, AND COAL DEPOT.

Wharf, foot of Seventeenth street, below the War Department.
Office, No. 282 Pennsylvania avenue, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets.

Wood prepared any length or size, or delivered cord length.
Coal screened before delivery.
JULY 1—1f

LOUIS FRANZE, FRESCO AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER, AND DEALER IN PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, LAMPS, &c., &c.

HOUSE PAINTING AND GLAZING.
330 C st., bet. Sixth and Seventh sts., north side, WASHINGTON CITY.
mar 18—6m

WANTED FOR CASH.—All kinds of Second-Hand Furniture and House-keeping Articles. Persons leaving the city, or having a surplus, will do well to call immediately on

R. BUCHLEY,
Dealer in New and Second-Hand Furniture, No. 428 Seventh street, between G and H streets.

JUNE 4—1f

H. HOFFA, WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER.

Recommends himself to the public in general to do all kinds of work in his line, and guarantees the same. Charges low. feb 15

WALL, STEPHENS, & CO., MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

Made to Order, Wholesale and Retail.
No. 322 Penn. avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets, WASHINGTON, D. C.
may 2

R. FINLEY HUNT, DENTIST, WASHINGTON CITY.

No. 310 Pennsylvania avenue, bet. Ninth and Tenth streets.
mar 18—6m

INTERIOR ADORNMENTS.

486.  486.

PAPER HANGINGS, OF ALL GRADES AND PRICES.

WARRANTED Gold Band Window Shades, Buff, Green, and Blue Holland Shades, all sizes, made to order.

Also, a handsome assortment of Picture Cord and Tassels, all sizes and colors.

Purchasing for cash, and allowing no old stock to accumulate, persons needing the above goods will find it to their advantage to give me a call. All work executed and superintended by practical men, who have served a regular apprenticeship at their trade.

Satisfaction guaranteed, or no pay required. Please give me a call. Remember the number.

JOHN MARKRITER,
No. 456 Seventh street, eight doors above Box 26
Old Fellows' Hall.

CENTRAL LIVERY, SALE, AND HIRING STABLES.

No. 473 and 475 (west side) Eighth street, bet. D and E sts., Washington, D. C.

First-class Horses and Vehicles, (single or double), and attentive Hostlers, always on hand.

T. W. WILLIAMS,
Proprietor.

INTERESTING TO OFFICE SEEKERS, OFFICE HOLDERS, AND EVERYBODY ELSE.

If you want an office, buy a nice suit of Clothes from SMITH, No. 460 Seventh street.

If you wish to look nice, buy a suit of Clothes at SMITH'S anyhow. feb 28—6m

WANTED.

ANY person having a good-sized furnished house to rent, or who would like to rent the house and let the furniture, on terms suited to the times, may perhaps find a customer by addressing Box No. 247, City Post Office.

BOARDING.

GOOD Boarding, with or without rooms, can be had on accommodating terms by applying at No. 428 Duff Green's row, Capitol Hill. mar 27—1f

W. O. BERRY, TIN, COPPER, & SHEET IRON WORKER.